

Achieving High Quality and Lower Cots Through Patient-Centered Medical Homes

Amy Gibson, MS, RN
Chief Operating Officer, PCPCC
May 2014

Defining the medical home

The medical home is an approach to primary care that is:

Patient-Centered

Partners with patients and caregivers in managing decisions and care plans.

Comprehensive

Whole-person and population-based care provided by a team

Coordinated

Care is organized across the 'medical neighborhood'

Committed to quality and safety

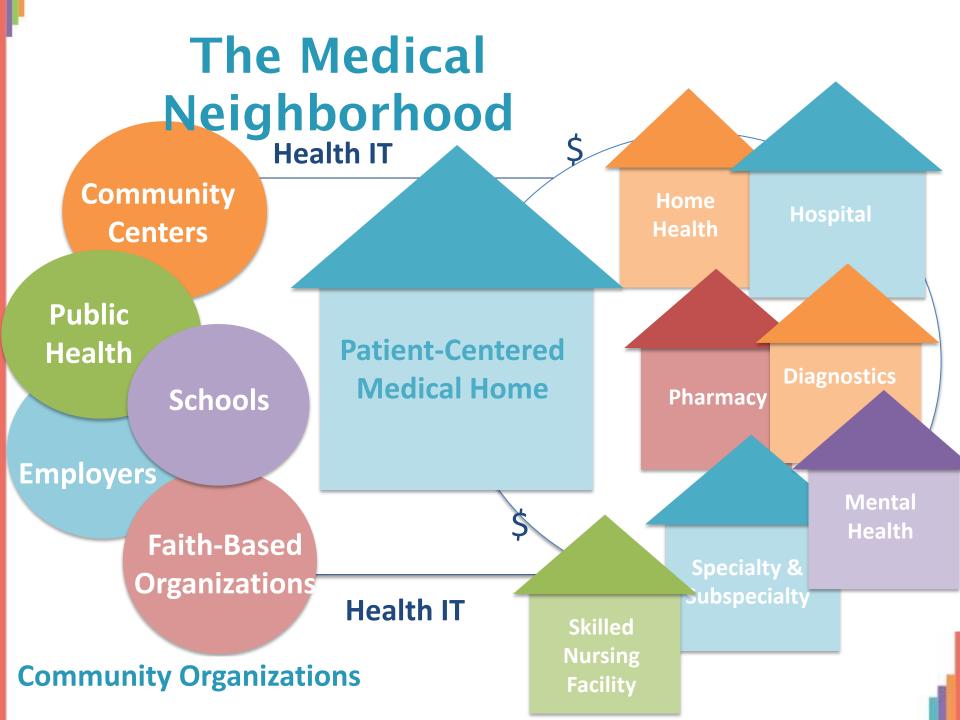
Maximizes use of health IT, decision support and other tools

Accessible

Care is delivered with short waiting times, 24/7 access and extended in-person hours.



Source: www.ahrq.gov



Patient-Centered Primary Care COLLABORATIVE

The Patient-Centered Medical Home's Impact on Cost & **Quality:**

An Annual Update of the Evidence, 2012-2013

January 2014

PCMH Peer Reviewed Outcomes

- 61% of studies report cost reductions
- 61% report fewer
 ED visits
- 31% report fewer inpatient visits
- 13% report fewer readmissions

- 31% of studies report improved access
- 23% of studies report improved patient satisfaction
- 31% of studies report increase in preventive services
- 31% report improvements in population health

Cost & Utilization



Care Experience



Health Outcomes



PCMH Industry Generated Outcomes

- 57% of studies report cost reductions
- 57% report fewer
 ED visits
- 57% report fewer inpatient visits
- 29% report fewer readmissions

- 14% of studies report improved access
- 14% of studies report improved patient satisfaction
- 29% of studies report increase in preventive services
- 29% report improvements in population health

Cost of Care
Utilization



Care Experience



Health Outcomes



Group Health Cooperative PCMH Program

Stakeholder Centers -

Back to States



News -

Program Location: Seattle, WA

Payer Type: Commercial

emergency room savings.

Back to National Map

Partner Organizations: Group Health Research Institute

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The Medical Home -

Payers: Group Health Cooperative

Washington and Idaho

Description:

About Us -

integrated into their primary care enhanced technology that has improved patient access and information sharing across a multi-disciplinary care team, dedicated care coordination services, preventive care and screening, and chronic condition management. During their initial medical home pilot, each primary care doctor claimed responsibility for a total of 1,800 patients as opposed to 2,300. The reduction in the number of patients allowed physicians time to coordinate care, have daily "team huddles" and allow for extended 30-minute office visits per patient. The reduction in patient-to-physician ratio also created a need to invest in extra staffing. As a result the study found that the medical home was investing \$16 more per patient over the following year. This meant the need for 72 percent more clinical pharmacists, 44 percent more physician assistants, 18 percent more medical assistants, 17 percent more registered nurses, and 15 percent more primary doctors. Evaluation of the model showed that costs were recouped within the year, primarily through

Group Health Cooperative is an integrated health plan and health care system

that has been a leader in developing the medical home. Group Health has

Reported Outcomes

Resources +



Fewer ED / Hospital Visits:

 Declines in ED visits in early and late stabilization phases relative to trends in network practices (13.7% v. 18.5%)

Events -

Improved Access:

Membership -

- 123% increase in secure message threads
- 123% increase in secure message threa
- 20% increase in telephone encounters
 4.5% fewer face-to-face visits

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 Cost Savings:
 For every dollar Group Health invested, mostly to boost staffing, it r \$1.50

Source(s):

Reported Outcomes Source

Peer Reviewed Journal Article

Emerging Payment Reform Trends



Bundled payments

Global budget ACOs contracts

Volume-based reimbursement



Value-based reimbursement



Ongoing Challenges to the PCMH

Evaluation

- Need for better/more patient satisfaction measures of selfreported health status/well-being
- Measures need to account for patient diversity
- Need for standard core measures

Resources

- Support for practice transformation to a PCMH
- New payment strategies to support team-based care, population health and quality outcomes

Meaningful partnerships

- Health care providers
- Community-based organization
- Patients, caregivers and consumers in ongoing quality improvement





The Neighborhood – A Patient's View

