

CMS Innovation and Health Care Delivery System Reform



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CMS support of health care Delivery System Reform will result in better care, smarter spending, and healthier people

Historical state

Evolving future state

Public and Private sectors

Key characteristics

- Producer-centered
- Incentives for volume
- Unsustainable
- Fragmented Care

Systems and Policies

- Fee-For-Service Payment Systems

Key characteristics

- Patient-centered
- Incentives for outcomes
- Sustainable
- Coordinated care

Systems and Policies

- Value-based purchasing
- Accountable Care Organizations
- Episode-based payments
- Medical Homes
- Quality/cost transparency

Delivery System Reform requires focusing on the way we pay providers, deliver care, and distribute information

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Improving the way providers are incentivized, the way care is delivered, and the way information is distributed will help provide better care at lower cost across the health care system.

FOCUS AREAS

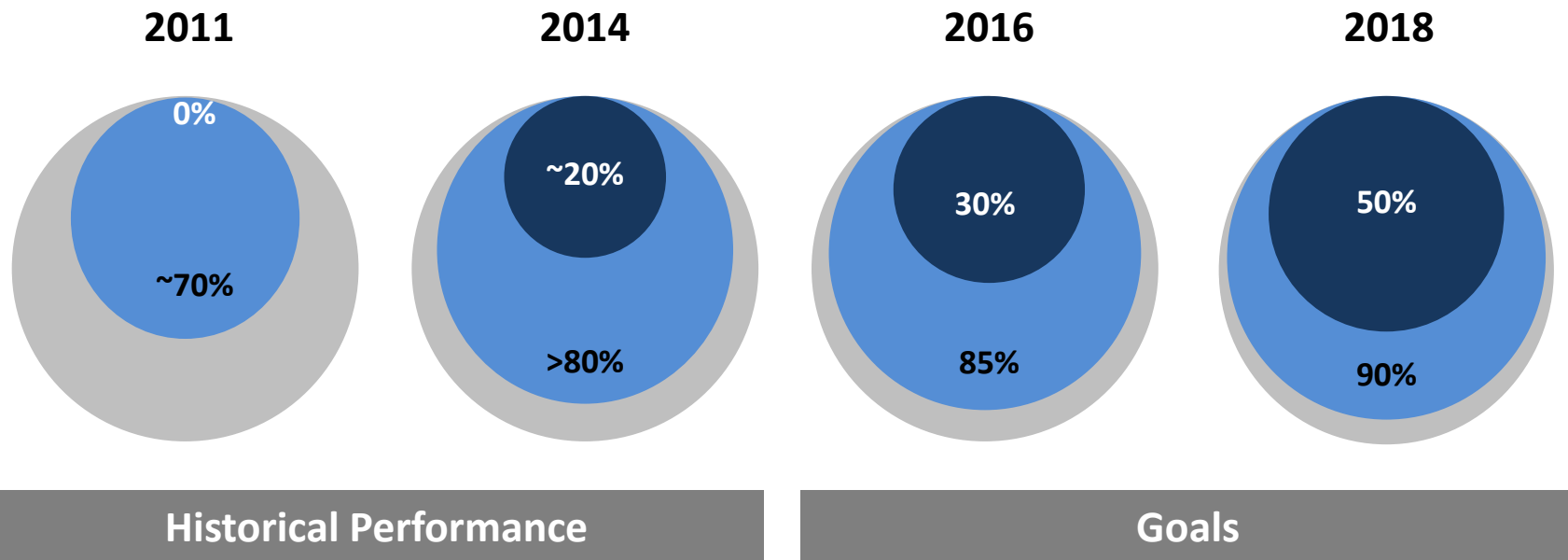
Pay
Providers

Deliver
Care

Distribute
Information

Target percentage of payments in 'FFS linked to quality' and 'alternative payment models' by 2016 and 2018

- Alternative payment models (Categories 3-4)
- FFS linked to quality (Categories 2-4)
- All Medicare FFS (Categories 1-4)



CMS is aligning with private sector and states to drive delivery system reform

CMS Strategies for Aligning with Private Sector and states



Convening Stakeholders



**Incentivizing
Providers**



**Partnering
with States**

The CMS Innovation Center was created by the Affordable Care Act to develop, test, and implement new payment and delivery models

“The purpose of the [Center] is to test innovative payment and service delivery models to **reduce program expenditures...while preserving or enhancing the quality of care** furnished to individuals under such titles”

Section 3021 of
Affordable Care Act

Three scenarios for success

1. **Quality improves; cost neutral**
2. **Quality neutral; cost reduced**
3. **Quality improves; cost reduced (best case)**

If a model meets one of these three criteria and other statutory prerequisites, the statute allows the Secretary to expand the duration and scope of a model through rulemaking



The Innovation Center portfolio aligns with delivery system reform focus areas

Focus Areas CMS Innovation Center Portfolio*

Pay Providers

Test and expand alternative payment models

- **Accountable Care**
 - Pioneer ACO Model
 - Medicare Shared Savings Program (housed in Center for Medicare)
 - Advance Payment ACO Model
 - Comprehensive ERSD Care Initiative
- **Primary Care Transformation**
 - Comprehensive Primary Care Initiative (CPC)
 - Multi-Payer Advanced Primary Care Practice (MAPCP) Demonstration
 - Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) Advanced Primary Care Practice Demonstration
 - Independence at Home Demonstration
 - Graduate Nurse Education Demonstration
- **Bundled Payment for Care Improvement**
 - Model 1: Retrospective Acute Care
 - Model 2: Retrospective Acute Care Episode & Post Acute
 - Model 3: Retrospective Post Acute Care
 - Model 4: Prospective Acute Care
 - Oncology Care Model
- **Initiatives Focused on the Medicaid**
 - Medicaid Emergency Psychiatric Demonstration
 - Medicaid Incentives for Prevention of Chronic Diseases
 - Strong Start Initiative
 - Medicaid Innovation Accelerator Program
- **Dual Eligible (Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees)**
 - Financial Alignment Initiative
 - Initiative to Reduce Avoidable Hospitalizations among Nursing Facility Residents

Deliver Care

Support providers and states to improve the delivery of care

- **Learning and Diffusion**
 - Partnership for Patients
 - Transforming Clinical Practice
 - Community-Based Care Transitions
- **Health Care Innovation Awards**
- **State Innovation Models Initiative**
 - SIM Round 1
 - SIM Round 2
 - Maryland All-Payer Model
- **Million Hearts Initiative**

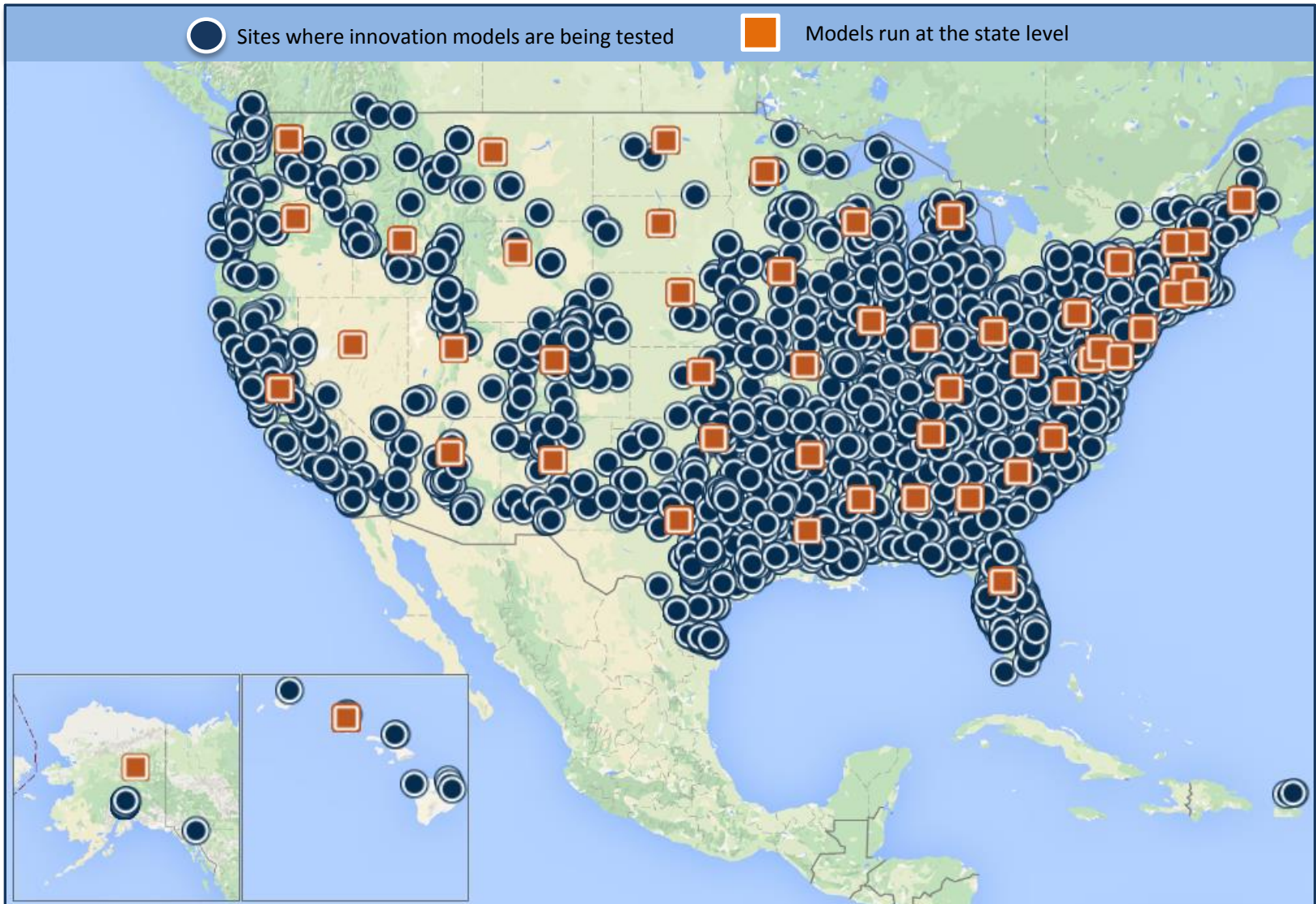
Distribute Information

Increase information available for effective informed decision-making by consumers and providers

- **Information to providers in CMMI models**
- **Shared decision-making required by many models**

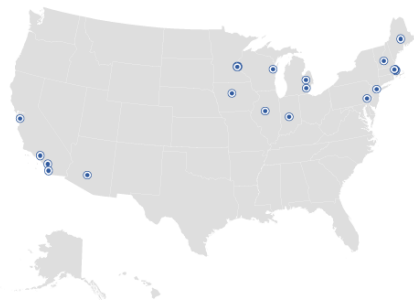
* Many CMMI programs test innovations across multiple focus areas

CMS has engaged the health care delivery system and invested in innovation across the country



Pioneer ACOs provided higher quality and lower cost care to Medicare beneficiaries in their first two performance years

- Pioneer ACOs were designed for **organizations with experience in coordinated care** and ACO-like contracts
- Pioneer ACOs showed **improved quality outcomes**
 - Quality **outperformed published benchmarks** in 15/15 clinical quality measures and 4/4 patient experience measures in year 1 and improved in year 2
 - **Mean quality score of 85.2% in 2013** compared to 71.8% in 2012
 - Average performance score **improved in 28 of 33 (85%) quality measures**
- Pioneer ACOs **generated savings for 2nd year in a row**
 - **\$384M in program savings** combined for two years[†]
 - Average **savings per ACO increased** from \$2.7 million in PY1 to \$4.2 million in PY2[‡]



Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

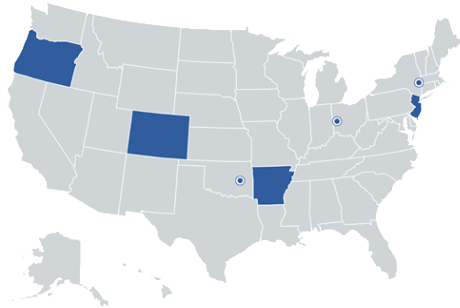
- 19 ACOs operating in 12 states (AZ, CA, IA, IL, MA, ME, MI, MN, NH, NY, VT, WI) reaching over 600,000 Medicare fee-for-service beneficiaries
- Duration of model test: January 2012 – December 2014; 19 ACOs extended for 2 additional years

[†] Results from regression based analysis

[‡] Results from actuarial analysis

Comprehensive Primary Care (CPC) is showing early positive results

- CMS convenes Medicaid and commercial payers to support primary care practice transformation through enhanced, non-visit-based payments, data feedback, and learning systems
- Across all 7 regions, CPC **reduced Medicare Part A and B expenditures** per beneficiary by \$14 or 2%*
 - Reductions appear to be driven by initiative-wide impacts on hospitalizations, ED visits, and unplanned 30-day readmissions



Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

- 7 regions (AR, OR, NJ, CO, OK, OH/KY, NY) encompassing 31 payers, nearly 500 practices, and approximately 2.5 million multi-payer patients
- Duration of model test: Oct 2012 – Dec 2016

Partnership for Patient contributes to quality improvements

Data shows...
17% ↓
**Hospital Acquired
 Conditions**

50,000
LIVES SAVED


1.3 million 
 Patient harm events avoided

\$12 billion
 in savings

Leading Indicators, change from 2010 to 2013

Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia	Early Elective Delivery	Central Line-Associated Blood Stream Infections	Venous thromboembolic complications	Re-admissions
62.4% ↓	70.4% ↓	12.3% ↓	14.2% ↓	7.3% ↓

We are focused on:

- Implementation of Models
- Monitoring & Optimization of Results
- Evaluation and Scaling
- Integrating Innovation across CMS
- Portfolio analysis and launch new models to round out portfolio