

The SGR: What Can Be Done?

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Briefing on The Doc Fix: What Happens Next?

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The SGR Quandary

- The need to control Medicare spending growth
 - Total payments to physicians based on volume and intensity of individual services
 - Volume and intensity determined directly by physician decisions
 - SGR formula reduces fees for all services if total physician spending exceeds target
- As spending continues to exceed target, SGR formula produces large cuts in physician fees that may threaten Medicare beneficiaries' access to care
- Large cuts produced by SGR formula make it 'costly' to repeal, so Congress has deferred cuts every year or two—'kicking the can down the road'

The Failure of the SGR

- It reduces payment rates across-the-board, regardless of appropriateness.
- It maintains incentives for physicians to increase service volume and intensity.
- It does not address the undervaluation of primary care services in the physician fee schedule.
- It has not succeeded in controlling spending growth.
- It has led to increasing gaps between Medicare and private payment rates.
- It has undermined Medicare's credibility with physicians.
- It does not provide incentives to improve quality, appropriateness, and coordination of care.

An Alternative Approach

- Devote all new payments to supporting innovative payment and delivery system arrangements.
- Enhance payment for primary care providers in patientcentered medical homes and high-cost care management teams.
- Provide higher compensation for providers who participate in innovative, high-value health systems and exhibit high performance.
- Offer positive incentives for beneficiaries who designate and use primary care providers or high-cost care management teams.
- Bundle payments for acute care episodes.

Our Panel



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