



Reviewing Prescription Drug Coverage: Policies and Practices Across Several Health Systems

The U.S. Perspective – Medicare Part D

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Medicare Part D: Market-Driven, Plus Oversight

- 1. Voluntary enrollment
- 2. Federal government does not set prices, premiums, or formularies
- 3. Federal government and plans share financial risk
- 4. Plans compete for enrollees
- 5. Regional variation
- 6. Beneficiary protections

Variety of Plan Designs Used to Attract Enrollees

Lowest-Premium Options for Six Plan Sponsors with Highest Enrollment

Sponsor	Premium	Deductible	# of drugs covered	% of drugs with PA	Cost-sharing per tier
PacifiCare	\$19.02- \$34.88	\$0	1,064	25.2%	\$7, \$22, \$47-53, 33%
United	\$22.85- \$30.18	\$0	2,391	2.4%	\$5, \$28, \$55-56, 25%
Humana	\$1.87-\$17.91	\$250	3,665	7.3%	25%
WellPoint	\$17.18- \$31.30	\$250	1,403	5.7%	\$5, \$25, 25%, 25%
Member Health	\$26.25- \$33.31	\$250	1,774	4.6%	\$0, 25%, 45%
WellCare	\$17.13- \$32.73	\$0	952	8.8%	\$0, \$0, \$62-73, \$62-73, 30- 33%

Source: Avalere Health analysis using DataFrameTM, a proprietary database of Medicare Part D plan features. Data from February 2006.



CMS Sets Formulary Design Standards

- USP's Medicare Model Guidelines
- CMS formulary review standards:
 - »Formularies (drug list, beneficiary management tools, costsharing)
 - »P&T committee membership
 - »Grievances, exceptions and appeals processes
- CMS prohibited from instituting a national formulary or negotiating drug prices



CMS May Shape Part D Benefits In Other Ways

- CMS, AHRQ partnership on drug comparative effectiveness research?
- Use of Medicare Part D and medical data?
- Communication to beneficiaries on appropriate drug use?